

**OUTLINE :**

## First Semester M2 ROSP

- Refresher: 2 elective courses to be chosen

| <b>Blocks</b>                                | <b>Ects</b> | <b>Cours</b> | <b>TD</b> | <b>TP</b> |
|--|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Refresher: Physics of Optoelectronic Devices | 2           | 10h          | 3h        | 6h        |
| Refresher: Communication Networks            | 2           | 15h          | 3h        | -         |
| Refresher: Digital Communications            | 2           | 20h          | -         | -         |

- Core courses

| <b>Blocks</b>  | <b>Ects</b> | <b>Cours</b> | <b>TD</b> | <b>TP</b> |
|--|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Optoelectronic Devices   | 4           | 29h          | 5h        | 4h        |
| Digital Information Processing   | 3           | 24h          | 3h        | 3h        |
| Error-Correcting Codes and Coded Modulations Applied to Optical Communications | 2           | 15.5h        | 1.5h      | 3h        |
| Optical Information Propagation and Point-to-Point Transmission Systems        | 3           | 18h          | -         | 12h       |
| Advanced and Next-Generation Optical Transmission Systems                      | 2           | 12h          | -         | 9h        |
| Optical Networks   | 4           | 9h           | 9h        | 12h       |
| Future Trends in Optical Networks  | 2           | 9h           | 6h        | 3h        |
| Photonic Systems Towards Other Applications                                    | 3           | -            | -         | 18h       |

- 1 elective course to be chosen

| <b>Blocks</b>                      | <b>Ects</b> | <b>Cours</b> | <b>TD</b> | <b>TP</b> |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Fonction et intégration photonique | 3           | 30h          | -         | -         |
| Nanophotonics                      | 3           | 24h          | -         | 3h        |

## Second Semester ROSP

**Matières Ects Cours TD TP**

Internship 30 - - -

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**DETAILED VERSIONS of each block contents**


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Refresher: Physics of Optoelectronic Devices

*ECTS*

2

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

**Syllabus** - Basics of semiconductor physics: energy bands; Fermi-Dirac distribution; difference between conductors, insulators, semi-conductors; doping  
- Basics of lasers: black-body radiation; self-oscillation conditions; resonant cavities  
- Semiconductor lasers: Bernard & Duraffourg condition; structures (Fabry-Perot, DFB); gain curve; evolution equations  
- Electro-optical modulation: phase and Mach-Zehnder intensity modulators; electro-absorption  
- Propagation in a dielectric waveguide: the optical fibre (modes, dispersion, attenuation)  
- Optical signal detection and noise, amplified systems

*Compétences à acquérir*

List the basic concepts underlying opto-electronic devices and guided propagation  
Explain their physical principles  
Specify the characteristics of these devices that are critical to their use in optical transmission systems

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professor in charge:  
Cédric Ware, Associate Professor, TELECOM Paris

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 10h, TP : 6h, TD : 3h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Project (80%), Lab work scores (20%)

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## Refresher: Communication Networks

*ECTS*

2

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

**Description** General introduction to Networking, with a special focus on current network architectures and the specificities of optical networks.

**Syllabus** Global network architecture

IP networks

SDH networks

Mobile network architecture

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professors in charge:

Mounia Lourdiane, Associate Professor, TELECOM SudParis

Cédric Ware, Associate Professor, TELECOM Paris

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 15h, TD : 3h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final exam

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## Refresher: Digital Communications

*ECTS*

2

### *Mots clés*

### *Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objective of this refresher course is to provide the fundamentals tools of digital communications in the simplest case given by the Additive White Gaussian Noise channel.

#### **Syllabus**

- Additive White Gaussian Noise (AWGN) model
- Detection theory : MAP and ML detector
- Matched filter, Threshold detector
- Inter-Symbol Interference (ISI), Nyquist criterion
- Bit error rate, minimal distance, performance
- Block Forward Error Correcting codes (FEC), Coding gain

#### *Compétences à acquérir*

On completion of the course students should be able to:

- design an optimal coherent receiver
- know the relationship between fundamentals parameters (such as bandwidth, power, etc)
- understand the principle of an error correcting codes

#### *Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professor in charge:

Ghaya Rekaya-Ben Othman, Professor, TELECOM Paris

Hadi Ghauch, Associate Professor, TELECOM Paris

Other teachers:

Antoine O. Berthet, Professor, CentraleSupélec

### *Langue*

Anglais

### *Volume horaire*

CM : 20h

### *Bibliographie, lectures recommandées*

D. Tse, "Fundamentals of wireless communications".

A. Goldsmith, "Wireless communications".

J. Proakis, "Digital communications".

### *Pré-requis obligatoires*

Course Prerequisites:

- Introduction to digital communications (modulation BPSK, threshold detector)
- Introduction to statistics (random variable, random stationary process)

### *Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final exam

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## Optoelectronic Devices

### *ECTS*

4

### *Mots clés*

#### *Compétences à acquérir*

- Derive laser oscillation equations and evolution equations for charge carriers and photons
- Explain the physical principles underlying semiconductor lasers
- List the common cavity structures used in laser design and describe their spectral response
- List the different classes of electro-optical modulators used in optical communication systems
- Explain each class' typical response in terms of linearity, bandwidth, phase-amplitude coupling
- Describe the main optoelectronic receiver types and their typical performances
- Derive wave guiding conditions in a dielectric waveguide, list mode categories, calculate the number of guided modes in a step-index planar structure
- Characterise the first few modes of an optical fibre; derive mode-coupling equations in a simple case (directional coupler or Bragg coupler)

- Acquire a strong knowledge of semiconductor laser dynamics; grasp nonlinear problematics and apply them to future communication systems
- Acquire knowledge of inter-sub-band devices. Explain the main differences between inter-band and inter-sub-band lasers. Acquire strong knowledge of applications, fabrication techniques, pros and cons of inter-sub-band devices

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professors in charge:

Adel Bousseksou, Associate professor, Université Paris-Sud

Cédric Ware, Professor, TELECOM Paris

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 29h, TP : 4h, TD : 5h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final exam, Lab work scores, Project

## Digital Information Processing

*ECTS*

3

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of the course are to introduce the main solutions coming from digital communications and signal processing to improve the quality of the optical fiber based transmission.

### **Syllabus:**

- Optical fiber model (CD, PMP, PDL, PDM, nonlinearity based Volterra series) with a digital communications point-of-view, Differences with wireless links
- Fundamental limits through information theory tools: Shannon capacity and interpretation
- Detection theory (MAP, ML)
- Intersymbol interference mitigation
  - Viterbi algorithm
  - Linear and nonlinear equalization (ZF, MMSE, DFE) and application to optical fiber.
  - What can you do with Channel State Information at the Transmitter (CSIT): predistorsion.
  - OFDM and related detection
- Nonlinear processing based on inverse Volterra series and receiver architecture
- MIMO processing and polar-time coding
  - Blind equalization (CMA) : block and adaptive version
  - Polar-time coding and related metrics (rate, etc)
  - Alamouti code, Blast, Golden code and related performance, code design criterion
  - Multi-mode, multi-core based communications
  - Modulation and Coding Scheme selection with CSIT or partial side information
- Frequency and Phase synchronization

*Compétences à acquérir*

On completion of the course students should be able to:

- understand the influence of design parameters
- understand the influence of fiber impairments on theoretical and practical performance
- understand the main techniques improving the performance and select them in a smart way

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professor in charge:

Ghaya Rekaya-Ben Othman, Professor, TELECOM Paris

Other teachers:

Philippe Ciblat, Professor, TELECOM Paris

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 24h, TP : 3h, TD : 3h

*Bibliographie, lectures recommandées*

D. Tse, "Fundamentals of wireless communications".

A. Goldsmith, "Wireless communications".

J. Proakis, "Digital communications".

*Pré-requis obligatoires*

Course Prerequisites:

- Refresher course on digital communications
- Course on point-to-point optical transmission systems (propagation part)

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final exam

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## Error-Correcting Codes and Coded Modulations Applied to Optical Communications

ECTS

2

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

### **Course Objectives:**

- Understand the basics of algebraic coding and decoding
- Understand the basics of modern coding theory and the associated probabilistic decoding
- Comprehend the performance evaluation techniques of error correcting codes

### **Syllabus**

Chapter 1: Introduction to algebraic coding and finite fields (3h - lecture)

- Bloc codes: generator and parity matrices
- Syndrome decoding
- Families of algebraic block codes

*Chapter 2: Finite fields*

- Construction of Galois fields
- Operations in a Galois field (addition, multiplication, division)
- Minimal polynomial

*Chapter 3: Algebraic codes and their decoding*

- Cyclic codes and their encoding using the generating polynomial
- Classes of cyclic codes: BCH and Reed-Solomon codes
- Decoding algorithms: Peterson, Forney, Euclidian, Berlekamp-Massey
- Performance bounds

*Chapter 4: Factor graphs and the sum-product algorithm*

- Definition of a factor graph
- Computation of marginal probabilities using the sum-product algorithm
- Correctness of the sum-product algorithm on an acyclic graph
- Performances of the sum-product algorithm for decoding block codes

*Chapter 5: LDPC codes: definition, construction and decoding*

- Construction of regular LDPC codes
- Tanner graphs and the sum-product algorithm for decoding LDPC codes
- Complexity reduction techniques

*Chapter 6: Performance analysis of LDPC codes*

- Weight enumerating functions of ensembles of codes
- Upper bounds on the performances of ensembles of codes
- Convergence analysis of sum-product decoding (density evolution, EXIT charts)
- Codes optimization techniques for irregular and generalized LDPC codes

*Compétences à acquérir*

On completion of the course students should be able to:

- Parameterize an error correcting code according to Shannon's channel coding theorem

- Implement a codec for algebraic or LDPC codes
- Evaluate the performances of error correcting codes in the context of optical communications

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professors in charge:

Frederic Lehmann, Associate professor, TELECOM SudParis

Antoine O. Berthet, Professor, CentraleSupélec

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 15.5h, TP : 3h, TD : 1.5h

*Bibliographie, lectures recommandées*

- D.J.C. McKay, Information theory, inference and learning algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 2003.

- C. Heegard, S.B. Wicker, Turbo coding, Kluwer Academic Publishing, 1999.

- B. Vucetic, Turbo codes : principles and applications, Kluwer Academic Publishing, 2000.

*Pré-requis obligatoires*

M1 level course in Information Theory

M1 level course in Digital Communications

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Written examination

## Optical Information Propagation and Point-to-Point Transmission Systems

*ECTS*

3

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

### **Course Objectives:**

From a capacity, distance and cost need, know how to design an adequate point-to-point transmission system, using high spectral efficiency modulation formats and counteracting long-haul optical propagation impairments.

### **Syllabus :**

- Chapter 1 : Overview of an optical transmission system setup

Historical evolution of fiber optic transmission, growth of the need for capacity, review of technology breakthrough. Transmission setup from transmitter to receiver. Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) principle. Optical amplification and Optical Signal-to-Noise Ratio (OSNR). Transmission system types from access to submarine ones. Transmission quality criteria.

- Chapter 2 : Transmitter and Receiver design

Design of transmitters, laser sources, direct or external modulation, modulators setup and driving, modulation format implementations. Design of receivers, optical filter, photodiodes, noises, direct or coherent detection. OSNR receiver sensitivity for different modulation formats.

- Chapter 3 : Optical propagation in fibers

Physical constraints of single channel signal propagation, linear effects (loss, dispersion and Polarization Mode Dispersion) , nonlinear effects (Kerr, Raman, Brillouin). Physical constraints of WDM transmission, dispersion wavelength dependency, amplification bands, linear and nonlinear cross-talks. Additional cumulative Amplified Spontaneous Emission (ASE) noise. Transmission modeling, temporal and spectral representation of signals, constellations, NonLinear Schrödinger Equation (NLSE) and numerical solving. Steps for designing transmission systems.

- Chapter 4 : Transverse view on new optical coherent transmission systems

Recall of the principle of coherent detection and complex modulation formats. Coherent mixer analysis and digital signal processing chain. Electronic dispersion compensation, PMD compensation and electronic polarization demultiplexing, phase and data recovery.

### *Compétences à acquérir*

On completion of the course students should be able to:

- Objective 1 : Know and implement photonic devices and subsystems for transmissions.
- Objective 2 : Design optical transmitter and receiver for all kind of modulation formats.
- Objective 3 : Understand propagation signal impairments and know how to compensate or mitigate them.
- Objective 4 : Find the cost effective transmission system design that answers a capacity and distance transmission requirement.

### *Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professor in charge:

Yann Frignac, Professor, TELECOM SudParis

Other teachers:

Yves Jaouen, Professor, TELECOM Paris

### *Langue*

Anglais

### *Volume horaire*

CM : 18h, TP : 12h

### *Bibliographie, lectures recommandées*

- Govind, P. Agrawal, "Nonlinear Fiber Optics", 4th edition, Academic Press, 2006.
- Govind, P. Agrawal, "Fiber Optic Systems", Academic Press, 2002.
- Ivan Kaminow et al., "Optical fiber communication", IIIA, IIIB, IVA, IVB, VA, VB, VIA, VIB, Academic Press, from 1988 to 2013.
- Irene and Michel Joindot, "Les Télécommunications par fibres optiques", Dunod, 1996.
- Zeno Toffano, "Optoélectronique : composants photoniques et fibres optiques", Ellipses.

### *Pré-requis obligatoires*

Course Prerequisites:

- Waveguide optics, fibre optics and propagation modes.
- Light polarization, Jones, Stokes and Poincaré's sphere, optical propagation in anisotropic media.
- Devices for photonic systems : laser, modulators, mux, photoreceivers, optical amplification and filters.
- Digital communication, Additive White Gaussian Noise channel , Nyquist criterium, pulse shaping and match filtering, complex modulation formats and Bit Error Probability estimations.

### *Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final Exam, Lab work scores

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## Advanced and Next-Generation Optical Transmission Systems

ECTS

2

### *Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

#### **Course Objectives:**

Know the technologies that will supply extreme capacity demand while having the best energy efficiency. Advanced amplification techniques, future spatial multiplexing techniques, design and application of specialty fibers, tunable capacity transmitters and receivers. Acquire the ability of modeling transmission systems.

#### **Syllabus:**

- Chapter 1 : Spatially multiplexed transmission systems  
Multicore and multimode fibers. Spatial multiplexer and EDFA technologies, MCF and FMF transmission systems. Coherent DSP technique adaptations. Cost per bit reduction and energy saving. Spatial and spectral information density.
- Chapter 2 : Advanced amplification schemes  
Raman amplification. Parametric and Phase sensitive amplification. Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers (SOA).

- Chapter 3 : Next generation fibers

FMF and MCF fiber for coupled or uncoupled SDM transmissions. Design and applications of Photonic Bandgap Fibers.

- Chapter 4 : Elastic transmitter and receivers

Bit-rate adaptation for capacity demand, network routing constraints or energy saving. Superchannel concepts.

- Chapter 5 : Transmission systems modeling

Optical transmission system simulation project.

#### *Compétences à acquérir*

On completion of the course students should be able to:

- Objective 1 : Understanding the challenges of Spatial Division Multiplexing techniques, new large-band amplification schemes and new fiber types.
- Objective 2 : Modeling transmission systems
- Objective 3 : Optimize cost and energy saving for high bit rate transmission systems.

#### *Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professor in charge:

Mansoor Yousefi, Associate professor, TELECOM Paris

Other teachers:

Yann Frignac, Professor, TELECOM SudParis

#### *Langue*

Anglais

#### *Volume horaire*

CM : 12h, TP : 9h

#### *Pré-requis obligatoires*

Course Prerequisites:

- Optical information propagation and point-to-point transmission system (M2 module)
- Matlab programming.
- Spatial and Fourier optics.

#### *Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final Exam

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## Optical Networks

ECTS

4

#### *Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

#### **Syllabus**

- Wavelength-Division Multiplexing: evolution to IP-over-WDM from IP/SDH/WDM transmissions
- Flexible and elastic optical networks
- Access/metropolitan network, WDM-PONs
- Fixed-mobile convergence
- Student Micro-project

#### *Compétences à acquérir*

- Explain operator networks' global architectures, and specific issues of core, access and metropolitan networks
- Design parts of a global network in situations with specific constraints (traffic type, range, interoperability...)
- Explain the network evolution techniques described in the course, identify situations where they are relevant

#### *Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professors in charge:

Mounia Lourdiane, Associate professor, TELECOM SudParis

Cédric Ware, Associate professor, TELECOM Paris



*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 9h, TP : 12h, TD : 9h, ProfessTraining : 10h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Final exam (60 %), lab work scores (20 %), project (20%)

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## Future Trends in Optical Networks

*ECTS*

2

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

**Syllabus** - Switching packets in optical networks: OBS, OPS and OSS technologies

- Core/metropolitan network, P-OADM technology
- New energy-aware transparent node architectures
- New optical domestic network architectures

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professors in charge:

Mounia Lourdiane, Associate professor, TELECOM SudParis

Cédric Ware, Associate professor, TELECOM Paris

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

CM : 9h, TP : 3h, TD : 6h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Project

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## Photonic Systems Towards Other Applications

*ECTS*

3

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

**Abstract**

This course illustrates the diversity of photonic system applications. The course will be based on optical labworks (18h) and short courses/conferences dedicated to various applications (12h).

**Syllabus**

*Optical Labworks contents:*

- Optical Time Domain Reflectometry
  - Optical Fiber Gyrometer
  - Slow and Fast Line in optical Fiber
  - Nonlinear optics : Second Harmonic Generation, Raman Scattering in an optical Fiber
- Short courses and Conferences (indicative list ):*
- Photonic crystal fibers
  - LiFi Technology
  - Advanced signal processing for sensor applications
  - Optical sensors technology
  - ...

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Professor in charge:

Nicolas Dubreuil, Professor, IOGS

*Langue*

Anglais

*Volume horaire*

TP : 18h, ProfessTraining : 12h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Lab work scores

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## Fonction et intégration photonique

*ECTS*

3

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

Principes de fonctionnement et les technologies des dispositifs photoniques semi-conducteurs, dans une perspective d'intégration.

*Compétences à acquérir*

Principes de fonctionnement et les technologies des dispositifs photoniques semi-conducteurs, dans une perspective d'intégration.

*Modalités d'organisation et de suivi*

Henri Bénisty (IOGS)

*Langue*

Français

*Volume horaire*

CM : 30h

*Mode de contrôle des connaissances*

Session 1: EE ou EO Written or oral examination

Session 2: EE ou EO Written or oral examination

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## Nanophotonics

*ECTS*

3

*Mots clés*

*Description du contenu de l'enseignement*

### **Objective:**

The objective of this module is to train students in the fields of nanophotonics and its applications through the study of the properties of light propagation in nanostructured environments as well as the benefits from nanostructures for optoelectronics.

### **Outline:**

#### **- Photonic integrated circuits**

Properties of light waves

Guiding, photonic integrated circuits : building blocs

Example of application : silicon photonics

#### **II - Propagation of light in nanostructured environments**

Photonic crystals

Plasmonics

Metamaterial

#### **III - Photonics active devices**

Nanostructures for optoelectronics (quantum well, quantum dots, nanowires)

### Compétences à acquérir

Ability to analyze and understand the challenges in photonics and nanophotonics. Be able to explain the basic phenomenon in the field

### Modalités d'organisation et de suivi

Professor in charge:

Delphine Marris-Morini, Professor, Université Paris-Sud

### Langue

Anglais

### Volume horaire

CM : 24h, TP : 3h

### Pré-requis obligatoires

Basic knowledge of electromagnetism and semiconductor device physics

### Mode de contrôle des connaissances

written test + report on the lab session

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### Evaluation process :

The two semester do not compensate each other, average score has to be higher than 10/20 in each semester. Score for each teaching block has to be higher than 7/20 to validate credits. Weighting coefficients applied to the block in the average score calculation corresponds to the amount of the block credits.

The following table gives details on the evaluation method for each block.

| Nom du UE  | Semestres | ECTS      | Heures     | Modalités de contrôle de connaissances  | Coefficients |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------|---|--------------|
| <b>S3 - Semestre 3</b>   |           |           |            |   |              |
| <b>Refresher: 2 elective courses to be chosen</b>                              |           |           |            |   |              |
| Refresher: Physics of Optoelectronic Devices                                   | S3        | 2         | 19         | Project (80%), Lab work scores (20%)  | 2            |
| Refresher: Communication Networks  | S3        | 2         | 18         | Final exam  | 2            |
| Refresher: Digital Communications  | S3        | 2         | 20         | Final exam  | 2            |
| <b>Core courses</b>  |           |           |            |   |              |
| Optoelectronic Devices   | S3        | 4         | 38         | Final exam, Lab work scores, Project  | 4            |
| Digital Information Processing   | S3        | 3         | 30         | Final exam  | 3            |
| Error-Correcting Codes and Coded Modulations Applied to Optical Communications | S3        | 2         | 20         | Written examination   | 2            |
| Optical Information Propagation and Point-to-Point Transmission Systems        | S3        | 3         | 30         | Final Exam, Lab work scores   | 3            |
| Advanced and Next-Generation Optical Transmission Systems                      | S3        | 2         | 21         | Final Exam  | 2            |
| Optical Networks   | S3        | 4         | 40         | Final exam (60 %), lab work scores (30 %), project (10%)  | 4            |
| Future Trends in Optical Networks  | S3        | 2         | 18         | Presentation  | 2            |
| Photonic Systems Towards Other Applications                                    | S3        | 3         | 30         | Lab work scores   | 3            |
| <b>1 elective course to be chosen</b>  |           |           |            |   |              |
| Innovation et investigation phototonique                                       | S3        | 3         | 30         | Session 1 : EE ou EO Written or oral examination - Session 2 : EE ou EO Written or oral examination | 3            |
| Nanophotonics  | S3        | 3         | 27         | Written test + report on the lab session  | 3            |
| <b>TOTALUX ECTS S3</b>   | <b>S3</b> | <b>30</b> | <b>296</b> |   |              |
| <b>S4 - Semestre 4</b>   |           |           |            |   |              |
| internship   | S4        | 30        | 0          | 4 months duration at the minimum. Report + defence  | 30           |
| <b>TOTALUX ECTS S4</b>   | <b>S4</b> | <b>30</b> | <b>0</b>   |   |              |

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**END of DETAILED VERSIONS of each block contents**

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